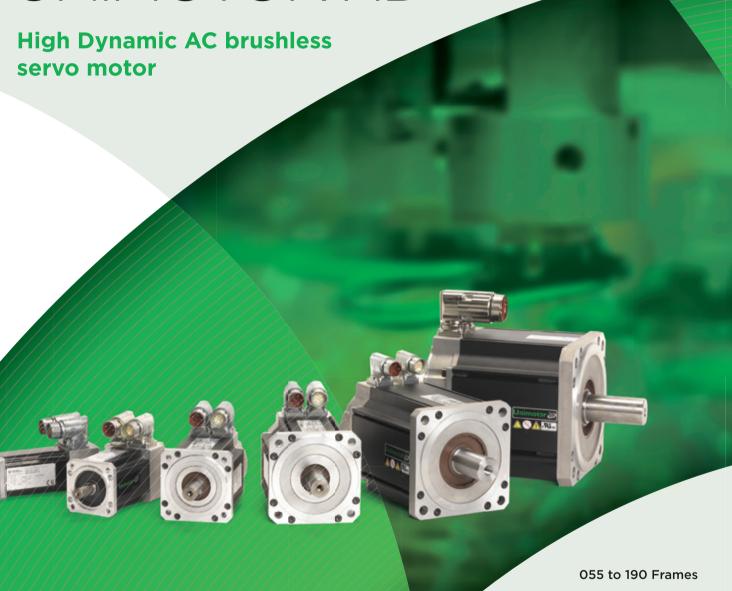
CONTROL TECHNIQUES



UNIMOTOR HD



0.72 Nm to 85 Nm (255 Nm Peak)



E: sales@e-vfd.com | W: www.ct-nidec.com | T: (86-532)58-292-858 ll for dreams



Unimotor hd

Unimotor hd is a high dynamic brushless AC servo motor range designed for use in pulse duty applications where rapid acceleration and deceleration are required. The motors are available in frame sizes from 055 to 190.





Reliability and innovation

Unimotor hd is designed using a proven development process that prioritises innovation and reliability. This process has resulted in a market leading reputation for both performance and quality.



Matched motor and drive combinations

Drives and motors from Control Techniques are designed to function as an optimized system. Unimotor hd is the perfect partner for Digitax and Unidrive.



Accuracy and resolution to suit your application requirements

Choosing the right feedback device for your application is critical in getting optimum performance. Unimotor hd has a range of feedback options that offer different levels of accuracy and resolution to suit most applications::

- Resolver: robust for extreme applications and conditions - low accuracy, medium resolution
- Incremental encoder: high accuracy, medium resolution
- Inductive/capacitive SinCos/Absolute: medium accuracy, high resolution
- Optical/SinCos/Absolute: high accuracy, high resolution
- Single turn and multi-turn: Hiperface and EnDat protocols supported



Custom built motors

As part of our commitment to you, we can design special products to meet your application specific requirements.

Custom built motors are identified by the code -S*** added to the end of the part number and can include custom shafts, connections or coatings.

SPZ - Motor is left unpainted SON - Motor is fully painted

(* Indicates additional letters)

The ultimate motor and drive combination

combinations that provide an optimized system in terms of ratings, performance, cost and

Unimotor hd motors fitted with high resolution SinCos or Absolute encoders are pre-loaded with the motor "electronic nameplate" data during the manufacturing process. This data can be read by any of our servo drives and used to automatically

This feature simplifies commissioning and and saves time.



Features

Unimotor hd is suitable for a wide range extensive range of features:

- High torque to inertia ration for high dynamic
- Compact but powerful
- High energy dissipation parking brakes
- IP65 conformance; sealed against water spray and dust when mounted and connected
- World class performance
- and 220 V
- Rated speeds from 1,000 to 6,000 rpm
- Larger shafts to increase torsional rigidity
- Thermal protection by PTC thermistor/optional KTY84.130 sensor



Unimotor hd and Digitax HD



Quick reference table

Frame size	PCD (mm)					ı	Jnimotor h	d				
055	063		0.72	0.36								
067	075			0.30	3.70							
089	100				3.20	8.00 7 2.34						
115	130					5.8	2.42	0.70	18.8			
							2.42	8.38				
142	165							10.0			38.0	
142	163							6.50			27.2	
											52.0	85.0
190	215										54.6	5 103.5
Stall	(Nm) 0	0.5	1.0	3.0	5.0	8.0	10.0	15.0	20.0	30.0	60.0	85.0
Inertia	(kg.cm2) 0	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.5	2.5	6.5	8.0	9.0	20.0	60.0	103.5

Conformance and standards









Ordering information - D + 10 lead time

Use the information below in the illustration to create an order code for a Unimotor hd.

089	UD	В	30	0	В			
Frame size	Motor voltage	Stator length	Rated speed	Brake	Connection type			
	055 - 115 frame	055 frame	055 - 142 frame	055 - 142 frame	Size 1			
055		A - B	*20 = 2000 rpm	0 = Not fitted (Std)	B = Power and signal 90°			
067		067 frame	30 = 3000 rpm	5 = Parking brake (fibre)	rotatable			
089		Α	A *115UDD20 only					
115	ED = 220 V	089 frame		6 brake not available on 055 frame ¹				
142		С						
		115 frame						
		В						
	055 - 142 frame	055 frame						
		A - C		Express availability motors, available				
		067 frame		in ten days ex works				
		В						
		089 frame						
	UD = 400 V	B - C						
		115 frame						
		B - D						
		142 frame						
		С						

Ordering information - standard lead time

Additional options are available upon request but may require a longer lead time to complete, please check with the Automation Center.

067	UD	В	30	0	В		
Frame size	Motor voltage	Stator length	Rated speed*	Brake	Connection type"		
		055 frame	055 - 067 frame	055 - 190 frame	Size 1		
055	ED = 220V	A - C	30 = 3000 rpm	o = Not fitted (Std)	B = Power and signal 90		
067	UD = 400V	067 frame	60 = 6000 rpm	5 = Parking brake (fibre)	rotatable		
089		A - C	089 frame	6 = Parking brake (resin) ¹	D = Single cable, power		
115		089 frame	30 = 3000 rpm	X = Special	D = Single cable, power signal combined, 90 rotatable		
142		A - C	40 = 4000 rpm	6 brake not available on 055 frame ¹	Size 1.5		
190		115 frame	60 = 6000 rpm		J = Power and signal 90		
		B - D	115 frame		rotatable		
		142 frame	20 = 2000 rpm		E = Single cable, power		
		C - E	30 = 3000 rpm		signal combined, 90 rotatable		
		190 frame	142 frame				
		C/D/F	10 = 1000 rpm				
			15 = 1500 rpm				
			20 = 2000 rpm				
			30 = 3000 rpm	* Not all speeds are	e available on all motors		
			190 frame				
			10 = 1000 rpm	** Single cable only n	nust be fitted with KTY		
			15 = 1500 rpm	thermistor and is only ava	ilable with certain feedb		
			20 = 2000 rpm	options. Please check before ordering			

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A	CA		A
Output shaft	Feedback device	Inertia	
055 - 142 frame	055 - 067 frame	055 - 142 frame	
A = Key	AR = Resolver		A = Standard + PTC Thermistor
F = Key and half key supplied separately ²	CR = Incremental Encoder	R35i	
	EM = Inductive EnDat SinCos Multi-turn		
	089 - 142 frame		
	AE = Resolver		
	CA = Incremental Encoder	CFS50	
	EC = Inductive EnDat SinCos Multi-turn	EQI 1331	
	EB = Optical EnDat SinCos Single-turn	EQN 1325	
	RA = Optical Hiperface SinCos Multi-turn	SRM 50	

A	CA	А	
Output shaft	Feedback device		Inertia
055 - 190 frame	055 - 067 frame		055 – 190 frame
A = Key	AR = Resolver		A = Standard + PTC Thermistor
B = Plain shaft	CR = Incremental Encoder	R35i	C = Standard + KTY Thermistor
E = Key with half key fitted ²	EM = Inductive EnDat SinCos Multi-turn	EQI 1130	E = Standard + PTC Thermistor + Lifting brackets
F = Key and half key supplied separately ²	FM = Inductive EnDat SinCos Single-turn	ECI 1118	
	TL = Optical Hiperface SinCos Multi-turn	SKM 36	
	UL = Optical Hiperface SinCos Single-turn	SKS 36	
	XX = Specials		
	089 - 190 frame		
	AE = Resolver		
	CA = Incremental Encoder	CFS50	
	EC = Inductive EnDat SinCos Multi-turn	EQI 1331	
	FC = Inductive EnDat SinCos Single-turn	ECI 1319	
	EF = Inductive EnDat Multi-turn FS	EQI 1331FS	
	FF = Inductive EnDat Single-turn FS	ECI 1319FS	
	RA = Optical Hiperface SinCos Multi-turn	SRM 50	
	SA = Optical Hiperface SinCos Single-turn	SRS 50	
	EB = Optical EnDat SinCos Multi-turn	EQN 1325	
	FB = Optical EnDat SinCos Single-turn	ECN 1313	
	XX = Specials		

²not available on 055 frame

Other feedback options are available on request but may increase the motor lead time. Please check before ordering.

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Frame size 055

Motor	r frame size (mm)		055ED		055UD			
	Voltage (Vrms)	2	00-24	0		380-480)	
	Frame length	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	
Continuous	stall torque (Nm)	0.72	1.18	1.65	0.72	1.18	1.65	
ı	Peak torque (Nm)	2.88	4.72	6.60	2.88	4.72	6.60	
Standar	d inertia (kg cm²)	0.14	0.25	0.36	0.14	0.25	0.36	
Winding thermal t	ime constant (sec)	34	38	42	34	38	42	
Standard n	notor weight (kg)	1.20	1.50	1.80	1.20	1.50	1.80	
	Number of poles	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Speed 3000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =	0.74 45	0.87 52.5	0.91 55	0.74 45	1.49 90	1.65 100	
R	ated torque (Nm)	0.70	1.05	1.48	0.70	1.05	1.48	
	Stall current (A)	0.97	1.36	1.81	0.97	0.79	1.00	
R	ated power (kW)	0.22	0.33	0.46	0.22	0.33	0.46	
ı	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	28	14.12	9.53	28	45	31	
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	50	32	23	50	100	75	
Recommended	d power conn' size	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Speed 6000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =	0.45 27	0.43 26	0.48 29	0.74 45	0.79 47.50	0.83 50	
R	ated torque (Nm)	0.68	0.9	1.2	0.68	0.9	1.2	
	1.61	2.74	3.44	0.97	1.49	1.99		
R	0.43	0.57	0.75	0.43	0.57	0.75		
F	8.5	3.55	2.38	28	10.7	7.8		
	16	8.2	6.3	50	25	20		
Recommended	d power conn' size	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Drawing number: GM496400

øM øS (X4)

> F IEC 72-I

-TAPPED HOLE I (₹j)

 $\Delta t = 100 ^{\circ} C \ winding \ 40 ^{\circ} C \ maximum \ ambient \\ All \ data \ subject \ to \ +/-10\% \ tolerance \\ Stall \ torque, \ rated \ torque \ and \ power \ relate \ to \ maximum \ continuous \ operation tested in a 20 ^{\circ} C \ ambient \ at 12 \ kHz \ drive \ switching \ frequency \\ All \ other \ figures \ relate \ to \ a 20 ^{\circ} C \ motor \ temperature. \\ Maximum \ intermittent \ winding \ temperature \ is 140 ^{\circ} C$

Motor dimension (mm)

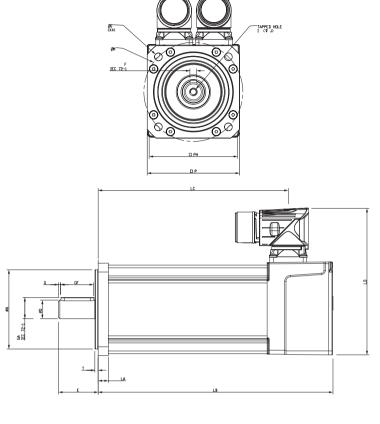
	Fe	edback Al	R, CR, EM/F	CR, EM/FM		Register	Register	Overall	Flange	Fixing hole	Fixing hole	Motor	Mounting
	Unbrake	d length	Braked	length	thickness	length	diameter	height	square	diameter	PCD	housing	bolts
	LB (±0.9)	LC (±1.0)	LB (±0.9)	LC (±1.0)	LA (±0.5)	T (±0.1)	N (j6)	LD (±0.3)	P (±0.3)	S (H14)	M (±0.5)	PH (±0.5)	
055A	118.0	90.0	158.0	130.0									
055B	142.0	114.0	182.0	154.0	7.0	2.5	40.0	99.0	55.0	5.8	63.0	55.0	M5
055C	166.0	138.0	206.0	178.0									

	Shaft diameter	Shaft length	Key height	Key length	Key to shaft end	Key width	Tapped hole thread size	Tapped hole depth
	D (j6)	Е	GA	GF	G	F (h9)	I	J (±1)
14.0 Std	14	30.0	16.0	25.0	1.5	5.0	M5	12.5

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Frame size 067

Moto	or frame size (mm)		067ED			067UD			
	Voltage (Vrms)	2	00-240)	3	80-48)		
	Frame length	Α	В	С	Α	В	С		
Continuous	stall torque (Nm)	1.45	2.55	3.70	1.44	2.55	3.7		
	4.35	7.65	11.10	4.35	7.65	11.1			
Standa	rd inertia (kg cm²)	0.30	0.53	0.75	0.3	0.53	0.75		
Winding thermal	time constant (sec)	54.0	61.0	65.0	54	61.0	65.0		
Standard	motor weight (kg)	1.96	2.56	3.16	1.96	2.56	3.16		
	Number of poles	10	10	10	10	10	10		
Speed 3000 (rpm)	Speed 3000 Kt (Nm/A) =				0.8 49	1. 9			
F	Rated torque (Nm)	1.4	2.45	3.5	1.4	2.45	3.5		
	Stall current (A)	1.56	2.74	3.98	1.81	1.59	2.31		
1	Rated power (kW)	0.44	0.77	1.1	0.44	0.77	1.1		
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	14.92	4.88	3.33	11.69	15.2	10.7		
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	45.4	17.4	12.7	35.2	54.2	40.8		
Recommende	d power conn' size	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Speed 6000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		0.47 28.5			0.8 49			
F	Rated torque (Nm)	1.3	2.2		1.30	2.2	3.1		
	Stall current (A)	3.09	5.43		1.81	3.19	4.63		
1	Rated power (kW)	0.82	1.38		0.82	1.38	1.95		
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	3.86	1.22		11.69	3.79	2.68		
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	11.1	4.4		35.2	13.6	10.2		
Recommende	d power conn' size	1	1		1	1	1		



Drawing number: IM/0694/GA

Δt= 100°C winding 40°C maximum ambient All data subject to +/-10% tolerance

All data subject to 17-10% tolerance Stall torque, rated torque and power relate to maximum continuous operation tested in a 20°C ambient at 12kHz drive switching frequency All other figures relate to a 20°C motor temperature.

Maximum intermittent winding temperature is 140°C

Motor dimension (mm)

F	eedback A	R, CR, EM/FI	М	Flange	Register	Register	Overall	Flange	Fixing hole	Fixing hole	Motor	Mounting
Unbrake	d length	Braked	length	thickness	length	diameter	height	square	diameter	PCD	housing	bolts
I D (+ O O)	10 (+10)	I D (+ 0 0)	10 (+10)	1 4 (+ 0 5)	T(+ 0.1)	NGC	LD(+ 0.7)	D(+ 0.7)	C/LI14\	M(+ O F)	DUV+ O E)	

	Unbrake	d length	Braked	length	thickness	length	diameter	height	square	diameter	PCD	housing	bolts
	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LA(± 0.5)	T(± 0.1)	N(j6)	LD(± 0.3)	P(± 0.3)	S(H14)	M(± 0.5)	PH(± 0.5)	
067A	142.9	109.0	177.9	144.0									
067B	172.9	139.0	207.9	174.0	7.7	2.5	60.0	111.5	70.0	5.8	75.0	67.00	M5
067C	202.9	169.0	237.9	204.0									

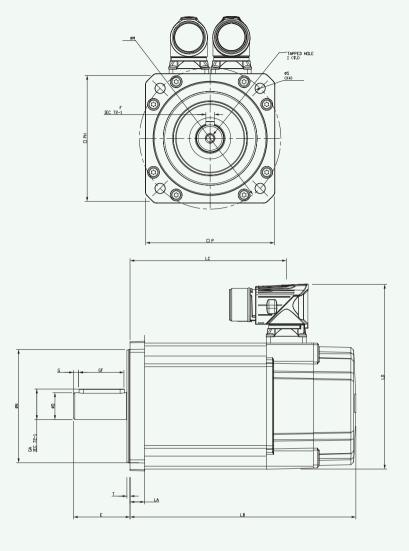
	Feed TL/	
	Unbraked	Braked
	length	length
	LB (± 0.9)	LB (± 0.9)
067A	157.4	123.5
067B	187.4	153.5
067C	217.4	183.5

	Shaft diameter	Shaft length	Key height	Key length	Key to shaft end	Key width	Tapped hole thread size	Tapped hole depth
	D (j6)	Е	GA	GF	G	F (h9)	I	J (± 1)
14.0 (Std)	14.0	30.0	16.0	25.0	1.5	5.0	M5 x 0.8	13.5

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Frame size 089

Moto	or frame size (mm)		089ED			089UD	
	Voltage (Vrms)	2	00-24	0	3	80-48	0
	Frame length	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
Continuou	s stall torque (Nm)	3.2	5.5	8.0	3.2	5.5	8.0
	Peak torque (Nm)	9.6	16.5	24.0	9.6	16.5	24.0
Standa	ard inertia (kg cm²)	0.87	1.61	2.34	0.87	1.61	2.34
Winding thermal	85.0	93.0	98.0	85	93.0	98.0	
Standard	3.18	4.28	5.38	3.18	4.28	5.38	
	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Speed 3000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		0.93 57			1.6 98	
1	Rated torque (Nm)	3.0	4.85	6.9	3	4.85	6.9
	Stall current (A)	3.44	5.91	8.6	2	3.44	5.0
	Rated power (kW)	0.94	1.52	2.17	0.94	1.52	2.17
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	3.28	1.57	0.89	10.1	5.05	2.68
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	21.6	11.8	7.1	65.2	38.4	21.7
Recommende	d power conn' size	1	1	1	1	1	1
Speed 4000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		0.7 42.75			1.2 73.5	
I	Rated torque (Nm)	2.9	4.55	6.35	2.9	4.55	6.35
	Stall current (A)	4.57	7.86	11.4	2.67	4.58	6.67
	Rated power (kW)	1.21	1.91	2.66	1.21	1.91	2.66
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	2.04	0.79	0.54	6.16	2.47	1.75
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	13.2	6.0	4.4	39.8	18.8	14.0
Recommende	d power conn' size	1	1	1	1	1	1
Speed 6000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		0.47 28.5			0.8 49	
1	Rated torque (Nm)	2.65	3.8	5.0	2.65	3.8	5.0
	Stall current (A)	6.81	11.7	17.02	4.0	6.88	10.0
	Rated power (kW)	1.67	2.39	3.14	1.67	2.39	3.14
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	0.98	0.39	0.23	2.52	1.27	0.83
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	6.2	3.0	1.90	16.3	9.6	6.7
Recommende	d power conn' size	1	1	1	1	1	1



Drawing number: IM/0688/GA

 $\Delta t = 100 ^{\circ} C \ winding \ 40 ^{\circ} C \ maximum \ ambient \\ All \ data \ subject \ to \ +/-10\% \ tolerance \\ Stall \ torque, \ rated \ torque \ and \ power \ relate \ to \ maximum \ continuous \ operation \ tested \ in \ a \ 20 ^{\circ} C \ motor \ temperature. \\ All \ other \ figures \ relate \ to \ a \ 20 ^{\circ} C \ motor \ temperature. \\ Maximum \ intermittent \ winding \ temperature \ is \ 140 ^{\circ} C$

Motor dimension (mm)

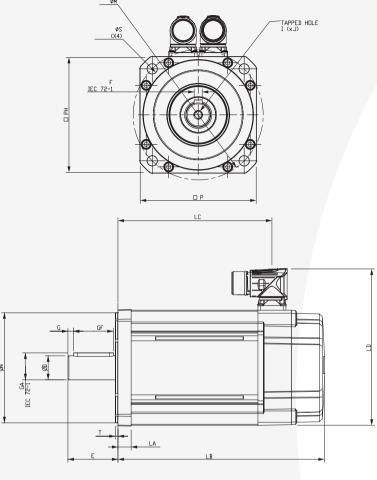
	Feedback EC/FC, LC/NC		:	Flange	Register	Register	Overall	Flange	Fixing hole	Fixing hole	Motor	Mounting	
	Unbrake	Unbraked length Braked length		length	thickness	length	diameter	height	square	diameter	PCD	housing	bolts
	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LA(± 0.5)	T(± 0.1)	N(j6)	LD(± 0.3)	P(± 0.3)	S(H14)	M(± 0.5)	PH(± 0.5)	
089A	147.8	110.5	187.9	150.6									
089B	177.8	140.5	217.9	180.6	10.3	2.2	80.0	130.5	91.0	7.00	100.0	89.0	M6
089C	207.8	170.5	247.9	210.6									

		lback A/SA, RA	Feedback AE				
	Unbraked	Braked	Unbraked	Braked			
	length	length	length	length			
	LB (± 0.9)	LB (± 0.9)	LB (± 0.9)	LB (± 0.9)			
089A	160.8	200.9	137.8	177.9			
089B	190.8	230.9	167.8	207.9			
089C	220.8	260.9	197.8	237.9			

	Shaft diameter	Shaft length	Key height	Key length	Key to shaft end	Key width	Tapped hole thread size	Tapped hole depth
	D (j6)	E	GA	GF	G	F (h9)	1	J (± 1)
19.0 Std	19.0	40.0	21.5	32.0	3.7	6.0	M6 x 1.0	17.0

Frame size 115





Drawing number: IM/0689/GA

 $\Delta t = 100^{\circ} C$ winding 40°C maximum ambient All data subject to +/-10% tolerance Stall torque, rated torque and power relate to maximum continuous operation tested in a 20°C ambient at 12kHz drive switching frequency All other figures relate to a 20°C motor temperature. Maximum intermittent winding temperature is 140°C

Motor dimension (mm)

	Feedback EC/FC, LC/NC			Flange	Register	Register	Overall	Flange	Fixing hole	Fixing hole	Motor	Mounting	
	Unbrake	d length	Braked	llength	thickness	length	diameter	height	square	diameter	PCD	housing	bolts
	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LA(± 0.5)	T(± 0.1)	N(j6)	LD(± 0.3)	P(± 0.3)	S(H14)	M(± 0.5)	PH(± 0.5)	
115B	193.8	154.0	230.9	191.1									
115C	223.8	184.0	260.9	221.1	13.2	2.7	110.0	156.5	116.0	10.00	130.0	115.0	M8
115D	253.8	214.0	290.9	251.1									

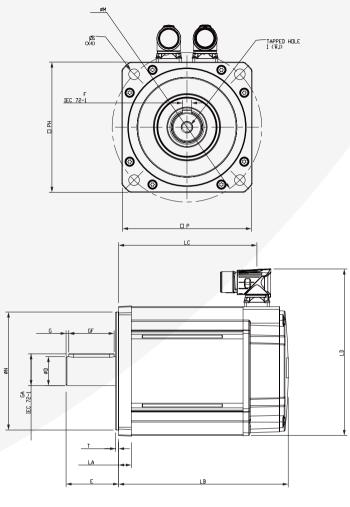
	Feed FB, EB/C	lback A/SA, RA	Feedback AE					
	Unbraked	Braked	Unbraked	Braked				
	length	length	length	length				
	LB (± 0.9)	LB (± 0.9)	LB (± 0.9)	LB (± 0.9)				
115B	206.8	243.9	183.8	220.9				
115C	236.8	273.9	213.8	250.9				
115D	266.8	303.9	243.8	280.9				

	Shaft diameter	Shaft length	Key height	Key length	Key to shaft end	Key width	Tapped hole thread size	Tapped hole depth
	D (j6)	Е	GA	GF	G	F (h9)	I	J (± 0.1)
24.0 Std	24.0	50.0	27.0	40.0	5.3	8.0	M8 x 1.25	20.0

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Frame size 142

Mo	otor frame size (mm)		142ED		142UD				
	Voltage (Vrms)		200-240)			380-480		
	Frame length	С	D	Е		С	D	Е	
Continuo	ous stall torque (Nm)	25.0	31.5	38.0		25.0	31.5	38.0	
	Peak torque (Nm)	74.9	94.5	114.0		74.9	94.5	114.0	
Stand	dard inertia (kg cm²)	17.0	22.1	27.2		17.0	22.10	27.20	
	al time constant (sec)	245.0	251.0	256.0		245.0	251.0	256.0	
Standar	12.74	15.39	18.04		12.74	15.39	18.04		
	10	10	10		10	10	10		
Speed 1000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		2.8 171		ı				
	Rated torque (Nm)	23.3	29.0	34.5					
	Stall current (A)	8.9	11.2	13.6					
	Rated power (kW)	2.44	3.04	3.61					
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	1.36	0.94	0.72					
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	21.3	15.2	12.3					
Recommend	led power conn' size	1	1	1					
Speed 1500 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =						3.2 196		
	Rated torque (Nm)					22.3	27.0	31.7	
	Stall current (A)					7.80	9.8	11.9	
	Rated power (kW)					3.50	4.2	5.0	
	R (ph-ph) (Ω)					1.36	0.94	0.72	
	L (ph-ph) (mH)					21.3	15.2	12.3	
	Connection type					1	1	1	
Speed 2000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		1.4 85.5				2.4 147		
	Rated torque (Nm)	21.4	25.7	29.6		21.4	25.7	29.6	
	Stall current (A)	17.8	22.5	27.1		10.4	13.1	15.8	
	Rated power (kW)	4.48	5.38	6.2		4.48	5.38	6.20	
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	0.34	0.24	0.18		0.79	0.62	0.49	
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	5.3	3.8	3.1		12.2	9.7	8.3	
Recommend	led power conn' size	1.5	1.5	1.5		1	1	1	
Speed 3000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		0.93 57				1.6 98		
	Rated torque (Nm)	18.4	20.9			18.4	20.9	23	
	26.9	33.9			15.6	19.7	23.8		
	Rated power (kW)	5.78	6.57			5.78	6.57	7.23	
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	0.12	0.1			0.34	0.24	0.18	
December	L (ph-ph) (mH)	1.9	1.6			5.3	3.8	3.1	
Recommend	led power conn' size	1.5	1.5			1	1.5	1.5	



Drawing number: IM/0709/GA

 Δt = 100°C winding 40°C maximum ambient. All data subject to +/-10% tolerance Stall torque, rated torque and power relate to maximum continuous operation tested in a 20°C ambient at 12kHz drive switching frequency All other figures relate to a 20°C motor temperature. Maximum intermittent winding temperature is 140°C

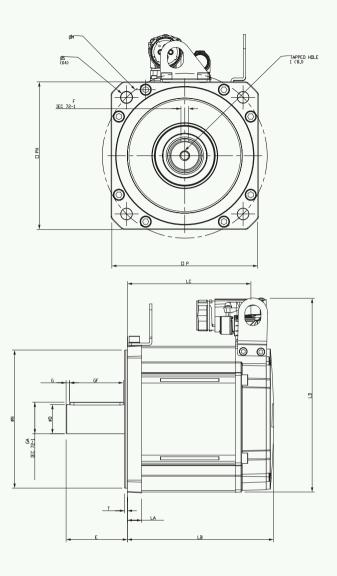
Motor dimension (mm)

	Unbrake	d length	Braked	length	Flange thickness	Register length	Register diameter	Overall height	Flange square	Fixing hole diameter	Fixing hole PCD	Motor housing	Mounting bolts
	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LA(± 0.5)	T(± 0.1)	N(j6)	LD(± 0.3)	P(± 0.3)	S(H14)	M(± 0.5)	PH(± 0.5)	
142C	217.0	182.5	282.5	248.0				183.5					
142D	247.0	212.5	312.5	278.0	14.0	3.4	130.0		142.0	12.0	165.0	142.0	M10
142E	277.0	242.5	342.5	308.0				183.5- 204.5					

	Shaft diameter	Shaft length	Key height	Key length	Key to shaft end	Key width	Tapped hole thread size	Tapped hole depth
	D (j6)	E	GA	GF	G	F (h9)	1	J (± 1)
32.0 Std	32.0	58.0	35.0	50.0	3.0	10.0	M12 x 1.75	29.0

Frame size 190

Moto	or frame size (mm)		190ED			190UD	
	Voltage (Vrms)	:	200-240)	:	380-480)
	Frame length	С	D	F	С	D	F
Continuou	s stall torque (Nm)	52.0	62.0	85.0	52	62.0	85.0
	Peak torque (Nm)	156.0	186.0	255.0	156	186.0	255.0
Standa	ard inertia (kg cm²)	54.6	70.9	103.5	54.6	70.9	103.5
Winding thermal	time constant (sec)	311.0	316.0	324.0	311.0	316.0	324.0
Standard	motor weight (kg)	27.74	34.3	47.42	27.74	34.3	47.42
	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Speed 1000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		2.8 171				
ı	Rated torque (Nm)	49.0	56.5	77.5			
	Stall current (A)	18.6	22.1	30.4			
	Rated power (kW)	5.13	5.92	8.12			
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)	0.47	0.4	0.23			
	L (ph-ph) (mH)	12.3	10.4	6.8			
Recommende	d power conn' size	1.5	1.5	1.5			
Speed 1500 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =					3.2 196	
I	Rated torque (Nm)				46.2	52.2	68.5
	Stall current (A)				16.3	19.4	26.6
	Rated power (kW)				7.26	8.2	10.76
	R (ph-ph) (Ohms)				0.57	0.4	0.23
	L (ph-ph) (mH)				14.2	10.4	6.8
Recommende	d power conn' size				1.5	1.5	1.5
Speed 2000 (rpm)	Kt (Nm/A) = Ke (V/krpm) =		1.4 85.5			2.4 147	
1	Rated torque (Nm)	42.5			42.5	45.3	56.0
	37.14			21.7	25.8	35.42	
	8.9			8.9	9.5	11.7	
	0.12			0.34	0.17	0.14	
	L (ph-ph) (mH)				8.2	5.05	4.55
Recommende	d power conn' size	1.5			1.5	1.5	1.5



Drawing number: IM/00710/GA

 Δt = 100°C winding 40°C maximum ambient. All data subject to +/-10% tolerance Stall torque, rated torque and power relate to maximum continuous operation tested in a 20°C ambient at 6kHz drive switching frequency All other figures relate to a 20°C motor temperature. Maximum intermittent winding temperature is 140°C

Motor dimension (mm)

	Unbrake	d length	Braked	l length	Flange thickness	Register length	Register diameter	Overall height	Flange square	Fixing hole diameter	Fixing hole PCD	Motor housing	Mounting bolts
	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LB (± 0.9)	LC (± 1.0)	LA(± 0.5)	T(± 0.1)	N(j6)	LD(± 0.3)	P(± 0.3)	S(H14)	M(± 0.5)	PH(± 0.5)	
190C	220.6	191.1	319.1	289.6									
190D	250.6	221.1	349.1	319.6	18.5	3.9	180.0	252.5	190.3	14.5	215.0	190.0	M12
190F	310.6	281.1	409.1	379.6									

	Shaft diameter	Shaft length	Key height	Key length	Key to shaft end		Tapped hole thread size	Tapped hole depth
	D (j6)	Е	GA	GF	G	F (h9)	I	J (± 1)
38.0 Std	38.0	80.0	41.0	70.0	4.6	10.0	M12 x 1.75	29.0

Motor derating

Any adverse operating conditions require that the motor performance be derated. These conditions include: ambient temperature above 40 °C, motor mounting position, drive switching frequency or the drive being oversized for the motor.

Ambient temperatures

The ambient temperature around the motor must be taken into account. For ambient temperatures above 40 °C the torque must be derated using the following formula as a guideline. (Note: Only applies to 2,000/3,000 rpm motors and assumes copper losses dominate.)

New derated torque

= Specified torque $\times \sqrt{[1-((Ambient temperature - 40^{\circ}C) / 100)]}$

For example with an ambient temperature of 76 °C the new derated torque will be 0.8 x specified value

Thermal test conditions

The performance data shown has been recorded under the following conditions. Ambient temperature 20 °C, with the motor mounted on a thermally isolated aluminium plate as shown below.

Mounting arrangements

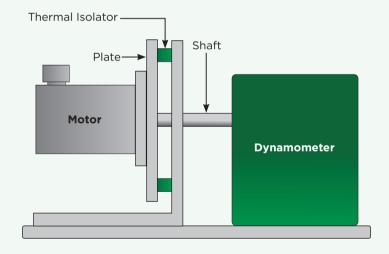
The motor torque must be derated if:

- The motor mounting surface is heated from an external source, such as a gearbox.
- The motor is connected to a poor thermal conductor.
- The motor is in a confined space with restricted air flow.

Drive switching frequency

Most Unidrive M and Digitax ST nominal current ratings are reduced for the higher switching frequencies. See the appropriate drive manual for details.

See the table below for the motor derate factors. These figures are for guidance only.



Motor type/frame	Aluminium heatsink plate				
055 mm	110 x 110 x 27				
067-089 mm	250 x 250 x 15mm				
115-142 mm	350 x 350 x 20mm				
190 mm	500 x 500 x 20mm				

UNIMOTOR HD DERATE FACTORS

Switching						
frequency	055	067	089	115	142	190
3kHz	0.92	0.93	0.89	0.89	0.83	0.90
4kHz	0.93	0.94	0.91	0.92	0.92	0.95
6kHz	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96	1
8kHz	0.96	0.98	0.97	0.98	0.98	1
12/16kHz	1	1	1	1	1	1

NOTE: Only applies to motors up to 3,000 rpm (rms) or lower. Assumes copper losses dominate on all frame sizes. Derate factor is applied to stall torque, rated torque, stall current and rated power.

Performance definitions

Stall torque

This is the maximum torque within the continuous zone at zero speed. Maximum continuous torque ratings may be intermittently exceeded for short periods provided that the winding Δt max temperature is not exceeded.

 Δt max = 100 °C over a maximum ambient of 40 °C for Unimotor FM and Unimotor hd.

Stall current

Stall current = Stall torque / kt

Motor label and performance tables quote stall current when motor is at full power in a maximum ambient of 40 °C.

Rated speed

This is the maximum speed of the motor within the continuous zone. The motor speed can be controlled to any speed subject to the voltage limits and drive constraints as shown by the intermittent zone on a motor performance graph

Ke voltage constant

This is the phase to phase rms voltage generated at the stator when the shaft is back driven at 1,000 rpm with the rotor at 20 $^{\circ}$ C.

Kt torque constant

A brushless motor delivers torque proportional to the current, such that torque = Kt x current.

Where Kt = $0.0165 \times \text{Ke}$ (at 20 °C).

Magnets used on all motors are affected by temperature such that Ke and Kt reduce with increasing temperatures of the magnets. The reductions depends upon the magnet type and material grade used.

Winding thermal time constant

The thermal time constant of the winding with respect to the stator temperature as a reference in the exponential temperature rise given by the formula:

Winding temperature at time t seconds = T0+T1(1-e-t/tc) Where T0 is the initial temperature,T1 is the final winding temperature and tc = thermal time constant (seconds)

Note that temperature = 63.2 % of T1 when t=tc

A thermal protection trip is provided by the drive, based upon calculations using elapsed time, current measurement, and the parameter settings set by the user or directly from the motor map.

Unimotor hd windings are ultimately protected by thermistor devices in the winding overhangs. These must be connected to the appropriate drive inputs via the motor feedback signal connector.

Rated power

This is the product of the rated speed (radian/sec) and the rated torque (Nm) expressed in Watts (W).

∆t temperature

At temperature is the temperature difference between the copper wires of the motor winding and the ambient air temperature surrounding the motor.

The maximum Δt temperature permitted is 100 °C over a maximum ambient of 40 °C.

(i.e. a maximum winding temperature of 140 °C)

Nameplate definitions

Model Full part number of the motor

3Ø Indicates this is a 3 phase motor

POLE Number of poles: 055 - 8 poles - 4 pole pairs 067-190 - 10 poles - 5 pole pairs

Insul Windings are built to class F (155 °C)

F/B This gives the feedback device, count and working voltage or the feedback type

S/N/DATE The serial number and date the motor was manufactured

IP Ingress protection rating IP 65S

Mcs The stall torque at stall current

Mn The rated torque of the motor

Ke This is the AC Volts per 1,000 rpm with the motor at 20 °C



Kt Value shown is for the magnet's temperature at 20 °C

Ics The constant stall current at the maximum winding temperature of 140 °C

Pn The rated power of the motor

nN/max The rated speed/ this is the maximum speed allowed when taking into account these three factors:

- 1) Maxdrive voltage
- 2) Maxencoder speed
- 3) Maxmechanical speed

VPWM This indicates that the motor is for use with a voltage pulse width modulated drive with the supply voltage shown

Brake The current, that rated torque and the operation voltage for the brake or N/A if the brake is not fitted

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Additional motor weights all figures are subject to a tolerance of (±10%)

Motor frame size	055		067		089		115		142		190							
Frame length	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
Braked '5' brake		+0.4			+0.7			+1.0			+1.5			+2.8			+4.0	
Braked '6' brake					+0.68			+1.4			+2.09			+2.29				
Fan box											+1.65			+1.9			+2.6	
Hybrid box small											+0.5			+0.5				
Hybrid box medium														+0.5			+0.5	
Hybrid box large																	+1.5	

Feedback

Feedback device order code	Feedback type	Manufacturer	Encoder supply voltage	SinCos cycle or incremental pulses per revolution	Resolution available to position loop ²⁸³	Absolute multi-turn revolutions	Feedback accuracy ₁	Serial communication protocol	Frame size available			
				055 - 067 m	notors							
AR	Resolver	LTN RE - 15	7 Vdc Excitation 5kHz	1 Transformation ratio 0.5	Medium 16384 (14 bits)	-	Low +/- 600"	-	-			
CR	Incremental Encoder	R35i	5 Vdc ± 10%	4096	Medium 16384 (14 bits)	-	Medium +/- 150"	-	-			
TL (Multi-turn)	Optical	SKM 36			High	4096 (12 bits)	Medium					
UL (Single-turn)	Hiperface SinCos	SKS 36	7 - 12 Vdc	128	1.31 x 10^5 (17 bits)	-	+/- 120"	Hiperface	-			
EM (Multi-turn)	Inductive EnDat	EQI 1130	5 Vd- 1 50/	16	High 2.62 x 10^5	4096 (12 bits)	Low	EnDat 2.2 /				
FM (Single-turn)	SinCos	ECI 1118	5 Vdc ± 5%	16	(18 bits)	-	+/- 480"	EnDat 01	-			
	089 – 190 motors											
AE	Resolver	Size 52	6 Vdc Excitation 6kHz	1 Transformation ratio 0.31	Medium 16384 (14 bits)	-	Low +/- 720"	-	-			
CA	Incremental Encoder	CFS50	5 Vdc ± 10%	4096	Medium 16384 (14 bits)	-	High +/- 60"	-	-			
EC (Multi-turn)	Inductive EnDat	EQI 1331	4.75 - 10 Vdc	32	High 5.24 x 10^5	4096 (12 bits)	Medium	EnDat 2.2 /				
FC (Single-turn)	SinCos	ECI 1319	4.75 - 10 Vac	32	(19 bits)	-	+/- 380"	EnDat 01	-			
EF (Multi-turn)	Inductive EnDat	EQI 1331 FS	3.60 - 14 Vdc	Serial	High 5.24 x 10^5	4096 (12 bits)	High	EnDat 2.2 /	-			
FF (Single-turn)	Functional Safety	ECI 1319 FS	3.00 - 14 Vuc	Only	(19 bits)	-	+/- 65"	EnDat 22	-			
RA (Multi-turn)	Optical Hiperface	SRM 50	7 - 12 Vdc	1024	High 1.04 x 10^6	4096 (12 bits)	High	Hiperface	_			
SA (Single-turn)	SinCos	SRS 50		1024	(20 bits)	-	+/- 52"					
EB (Multi-turn)	Optical EnDat	EQN 1325	3.6 - 14 Vdc	2049	High	4096 (12 bits)	Very High	EnDat 2.2 /				
FB (Single-turn)	SinCos	ECN 1313	3.0 - 14 VCC	2048	2.08 x 10^6 (21 bits)	-	+/- 20"	EnDat 01	-			

The information is supplied by the feedback device manufacturer and relates to it as a standalone device. The value may change when mounted into the motor and connected to a drive. These values have not been verified by Control Techniques.

²The output from the resolver is an analogue output; the resolution is determined by the analogue to digital converter used; the value shown is when the resolver is used in conjunction with the SM-Resolver

³ The sin and cosine outputs from the SinCos optical encoders are analogue outputs; with Unidrive M and Digitax ST the resolutions quoted above are when the encoder type is set to either SC Endat or SC Hiperface depending on the encoder.

Feedback terminology

Resolver

A passive wound device consisting of a stator and rotor elements excited from an external source, such as an SM-Resolver, the resolver produces two output signals that correspond to the Sine and CoSine angle of the motor shaft. This is a robust absolute device of low accuracy, capable of withstanding high temperature and high levels of vibration. Positional information is absolute within one turn – i.e. position is not lost when the drive is powered down.

Incremental encoder

An electronic device using an optical disc. The position is determined by counting steps or pulses. Two sequences of pulses in quadrature are used so the direction sensing may be determined and 4x (pulses per rev) may be used for resolution in the drive. A marker pulse occurs once per revolution and is used to zero the position count. The encoder also provides commutation signals, which are required to determine the absolute position during the motor phasing test. This device is available in 4096, 2048 and 1024 ppr versions. Positional information is non absolute – i.e. position is lost when the drive is powered down.

SinCos / absolute encoders

Types available are: Optical or Inductive - which can be single or multi-turn.

1) Optical

An electronic device using an optical disc. An absolute encoder with high resolution that employs a combination of absolute information, transmitted via a serial link, and Sine/CoSine signals with incremental techniques.

2) Inductive/Capacitive

An electronic device using inductively coupled PCBs. An absolute encoder with medium resolution the employs a combination of absolute information, transmitted via a serial link, and Sine/CoSine signals with incremental techniques. This encoder can be operated with the drive using either Sine/CoSine or absolute (serial) values only. Positional information is absolute within 4096 turns – i.e. position is not lost when the drive is powered down.

Multi-turn

As previous but with extra gear wheels included so that the output is unique for each shaft position and the encoder has the additional ability to count complete turns of the motor shaft up to 4096 revolutions

Electronic nameplate

Available on some feedback devices the electronic nameplate provides the facility to store information about the motor and feedback device. This information can then automatically be used to configure the drive for operation.

Environment

The environment is the external conditions that physically surround the Feedback device. The main factors that affect the feedback device are temperature and mechanical shock and vibration.

Motors are designed to allow the feedback devices to be within their operational temperature limits. Generally it is assumed that there is free air movement around the motor. If the motor is positioned where there is little or no airflow or it is connected to a heat source such as a gearbox, it can cause the air temperature around the feedback device to be operating outside its recommended operating temperature and can lead to problems.

Mechanical shock and vibration tends to be transmitted from the load through the motor shaft and into the feedback device. This should be considered when the motor and feedback device are being specified for the application.

Position

The defined position is the location in a coordinate system which is usually in two or more dimensions.

For a rotary feedback device this is defined as the location within one revolution. If it is a multi-turn device it is the location within one revolution plus the location within a number of rotations.

For a linear feedback device this is defined as the distance from a known point.

Resolution

The resolution of a feedback device is the smallest change in position or angle that it can detect in the quantity that it is measuring.

Feedback resolution of the system is a function of the type of feedback device used and drive receiving the information.

Generally, as the resolution of the feedback device increases the level of control that can be used in the servo system increases.

As with accuracy, as the resolution of the device increases the cost increases.

Accuracy

Accuracy is the measure of the difference between the expected position and actual measured value. Rotary feedback accuracy is usually given as an angle representing the maximum deviation from the expected position. Linear feedback accuracy is usually given as a distance representing the maximum deviation from the expected.

Generally, as the accuracy increases the cost of the feedback device increases.

Brake specification

Unimotor hd may be ordered with an internal rear mounted spring applied parking brake. The brake works on a failsafe principle. The brake is active when the supply voltage is switched off, and the brake is released when the supply voltage is switched on.

If a motor is fitted with a failsafe brake, take care not to subject the motor shaft to excessive torsional shocks or resonance when the brake is engaged or disengaged. Doing so can damage the brake.

Safety note

The failsafe brake is for use as a holding brake with the motor shaft stationary.

Do NOT use it as a dynamic brake.
Using it in this manner will cause brake
wear and eventual failure. Emergency Stop
situations can contribute to brake wear and failure.

Note: Shunting the brake primary coil with an external diode to avoid switching peaks increases the release time considerably. This is usually required to protect solid state switches, or to reduce arcing at the brake relay contacts (Diode 1N4001 recommended)

"Resin" friction material application & benefits:

- The main features change to the type 6 brake is the use of an improved Resin friction material compared to its predecessors.
- The type 6 brake has improved overall performance in operation compared to the aluminium cored friction materials containing natural rubber.
- Type 6 brakes can endure higher interface temperatures and pressures.
- Type 6 brake disk are moulded as a one-piece part providing better tensile, compressive & impact qualities compared to other friction materials.

Unimotor hd

Motor frame	Supply volts	Input power	Static torque	Release time	Moment of inertia	Backlash **	
riotor manie	Supply voits	input power	Parking Brake (5)	Release time	rioment of mertid		
Size	Vdc	Watts	Nm	ms nom	kg.cm²*	Degrees **	
055	24	6.3	1.8	22	0.03	0.73	
067	24	10.2	4	<50	0.073	0.75	
089	24	23	10	<50	0.115	0.75	
115	24	23	20	120	0.21	0.75	
142	24	25	42	95	1.85	0.77	
190 (C-D)	24	25	67	120	4.95	0.77	
190 F	24	54.5	100	TBA	7.72	0.75	

Motor frame	Cumphinalta	Input power @	Static torque	Release time	Moment of inertia	Backlash **	
Motor frame	Supply volts	20 °C	Parking Brake (6)	Release time	Moment of Inertia		
Size	Vdc	Watts	Nm	ms nom	kg.cm²*	Degrees **	
067	24	15	2	35.2	0.063	0.62°	
089	24	18.5	10	72.8	0.259	0.45°	
115	24	17.5	16	64	0.506	0.38°	
142	24	17.5	16	64	0.506	0.38°	

*Note 1 kg.cm 2 = 1 x 10 - 4 kg.m 2 ** Backlash figure will increase with time

- The brake is intended for parking duty and is not for dynamic or safety use.
- Refer to your Automation Center or Distributor if your application requires dynamic braking in emergency conditions.
- To provide protection to the brake control circuit it is recommended that a diode is connected across the output terminals of the solid state or relay contacts devices.
- · Larger torque brakes are available as on option. Contact your Automation Center or Distributor for details.
- Figures are shown at 20 °C brake temperature. Apply the derate factor of 0.9 to the high energy brake if motor temperature is above 100 °C.
- The brake will engage when power is removed.

It is recommended to run extensive application validation testing and confirm the motor brake life span when the motor is mounted vertically and themotor runs through high acceleration and deceleration.

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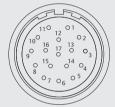
Power plug





Size 1	With brake	Without brake	Size 1.5	With brake	Without brake
Pin	Function	Function	Pin	Function	Function
1	Phase U (R)	Phase U (R)	U	Phase U (R)	Phase U (R)
2	Phase V (S)	Phase V (S)	V	Phase V (S)	Phase V (S)
3	Ground	Ground		Ground	Ground
4	Phase W (T)	Phase W (T)	W	Phase W (T)	Phase W (T)
5	Brake		+	Brake	
6	Brake		-	Brake	
Shell	Screen	Screen	Shell	Screen	Screen

Signal plug





	Incremental encoder (CA, CR, MA)	Heidenhain Sincos absolute encoders (EM, FM, EC, EF, FF, FC, EB, FB)	Resolver (AE, AR)	SICK Sin/Cos encoders (RA, SA)			
Pin	Function	Function	Function	Function			
1	Thermistor	Thermistor	Excitation High	REF Cos			
2	Thermistor	Thermistor	Excitation Low	+ Data			
3		Screen (Optical only)	Cos High	- Data			
4	S1		Cos Low	+ Cos			
5	S1 Inverse		Sin High	+ Sin			
6	S2		Sin Low	REF Sin			
7	S2 Inverse		Thermistor	Thermistor			
8	S3	+ Clock	Thermistor	Thermistor			
9	S3 Inverse	- Clock		Screen			
10	Channel A	+ Cos		0 Volts			
11	Index	+ Data		-			
12	Index Inverse	- Data		+ V			
13	Channel A Inverse	- Cos					
14	Channel B	+ Sin					
15	Channel B Inverse	- Sin					
16	+ V	+ V					
17	O Volts	0 Volts					
Body	Screen	Screen		Screen			

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